

# **A Filter Circuit with a Jammer Generator**

This patented filtering circuit architecture is designed to suppress an FSK (frequency-shift-keying) modulated jammer for energy efficient narrow band wireless communications. Traditionally, analog intermediate frequency filters consume large amounts of current because they require a large dynamic range to maintain a large signal-to-noise ratio. This new architecture reduces power consumption by removing unwanted spectral components to lower the dynamic range of the analog to digital converter. This technology can be used in any wireless integrated circuit, especially for a jammer-to-signal ratio of more than 100.

## **Stage of Research**

The inventors built a  $0.32 \text{ mm}^2$  experimental circuit that suppressed FSK interferers in adjacent channels by more than 20 dB and dissipated 0.78 mW from a 1-V supply.

## **Applications**

- **Multi-channel wireless communications**, particularly short-range wireless

## **Advantages**

- **Energy efficient** - decreased power consumption because of reduced resolution requirements for analog to digital converter

## **Publications**

- Hori, S.; Murmann, B., "[Feedforward Interference Cancellation Architecture for Short-Range Wireless Communication](#)," *Circuits and Systems II: Express Briefs*,

*IEEE Transactions*, vol.58, no.1, pp.16,20, Jan. 2011.

## Patents

- Published Application: [20100279598](#)
- Published Application: [20120231724](#)

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