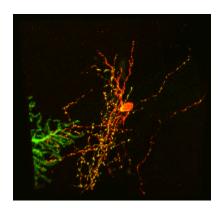
Docket #: S10-195

Mouse Model for Visualizing Synapses

Researchers in Prof. Liqun Luo's laboratory have developed a mouse model system for in vivo, non-invasive, spatially- and temporally-controlled labeling of individual synapses. These mice (ZtTA and TRE-bi-ST-T) combined with different Cre/CreER lines could label specific types of neurons or single neurons with a general cell marker and a presynaptic or postsynaptic marker. The mice can be used to study synaptogenesis, synaptic plasticity, and information flow in neural circuits.



A cerebellar stellate cell labeled with cytoplasmic tdT (red) and synapse-localized synaptophysin-GFP (green). This technology allows single cell resolution and manipulation in intact mice, and increased resolution to study neuronal connectivity.

Applications

- In vivo studies of synapses, including:
 - presynaptic and postsynaptic distributions in any neuron in the mouse brain
 - o development and plasticity in any neuron in the mouse brain

general gene expression of TRE (tetracycline regulatory element)
transgenes with spatial and temporal control

Advantages

- Low basal expression of TRE transgenes alone or in combination with one or both of the other transgenes without activation
- Expression regulated with small molecules (tetracycline or doxycycline)
- Noninvasive (unlike viral transduction or in utero electroporation)
- Spatial and temporal control, including
 - o control over the types of labeled cells
 - control of labeling frequency
 - control of synaptic marker expression to bypass potential developmental defects

Publications

Li L, Tasic B, Micheva KD, Ivanov VM, Spletter ML, Smith SJ and Luo L (2010),
"Visualizing the distribution of synapses from individual neurons in the mouse brain." PLoS ONE 5(7): e11503

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