A method for tracking moving sources with PET

Stanford researchers at the Pratx Lab have developed a new trajectory reconstruction method for tracking moving sources labeled with positron-emitting radionuclides using PET. This method reconstructs the time-varying position of individual sources directly from raw list-mode PET, thereby bypassing conventional image reconstruction entirely.

Proof-of-concept experiments show that low-activity and fast-moving sources can be reliably tracked in vivo with 2 mm accuracy. This method can be applied for tracking of single cells in vivo, real-time tracking of a moving tumor during radiotherapy, and estimation of respiratory breathing in 4D-PET.

Figure



Figure description - Single-source tracking. List-mode PET data from a point source (1, 10, 100, 1000 Bq) moving at 5 mm/s in an S-like pattern was reconstructed using standard MLEM (top row) and the novel trajectory reconstruction method (bottom row). This result indicate that the invention can track a moving source better than can be achieved using conventional ML-EM.

Stage of Research

- **Proof-of-concept** Monte Carlo simulations (GATE) show that this algorithm can track a single cell inside a small-animal PET system with 2 mm accuracy provided that the activity of the cell (Bq) is greater than twice the square of its velocity (cm/s).
- Applying method to tracking multiple sources in parallel.

Applications

- In vivo cell tracking:
 - Cell-based therapies for cardiac and neural tissue regeneration and cancer immunotherapy
 - Preclinical research tool to study biological processes such as cancer metastasis
 - Small animal research for drug development
- 4D PET/CT imaging estimation of respiratory breathing
- Radiation Therapy real time tracking of a moving tumor

Advantages

- Real time
- Accurate can track moving sources with higher localization accuracy and up to higher velocities and lower activities
- **Novel concept** First proposed method to reconstruct the motion of a source directly from PET measurements, without forming an image
- Can be extended to track multiple moving sources in parallel

Publications

- Ouyang, Y., Kim, T. J. & Pratx, G. <u>"Evaluation of a BGO-Based PET System for</u> <u>Single-Cell Tracking Performance by Simulation and Phantom Studies."</u> *Mol Imag* 15 (2016).
- Lee, K.S. Kim, T.J. and Pratx, G. 2015 <u>"Single-Cell Tracking With PET Using a</u> <u>Novel Trajectory Reconstruction Algorithm"</u>, *IEEE Medical Imaging*. Vol 34 (4), pp. 994-1003.

 Jung, K.O., Kim, T.J., Yu, J.H. et al. <u>"Whole-body tracking of single cells via</u> positron emission tomography", Nature Biomedical Engineering. 4, 835-844 (2020).

Patents

- Published Application: 20150355347
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