Docket #: S16-257

Improving robot manipulation capabilities through workpiece contact state estimation

Stanford University and Honda Motor Co. have patented a device and method for estimating workpiece contact states during robotic manipulation tasks. Seemingly easy tasks like placing items in a box, is a challenge using robotics as the workpiece location during manipulation is unknown. (Figure 1.) Vision guided methods fail in confined and potentially blocked spaces. Using contact forces to guide robot motion is more suitable for manipulation.

In this patented technique, the contact force data coming from the sensor on the distal end of the robot arm is used to determine the workpiece location. A controller processes the force signals – translational force and/or moment - to successfully estimate the contact state. This patent is one of the outcomes of the project "Advanced Task Behaviors and Manipulation Capabilities for Humanoid Robots."

FIG.1

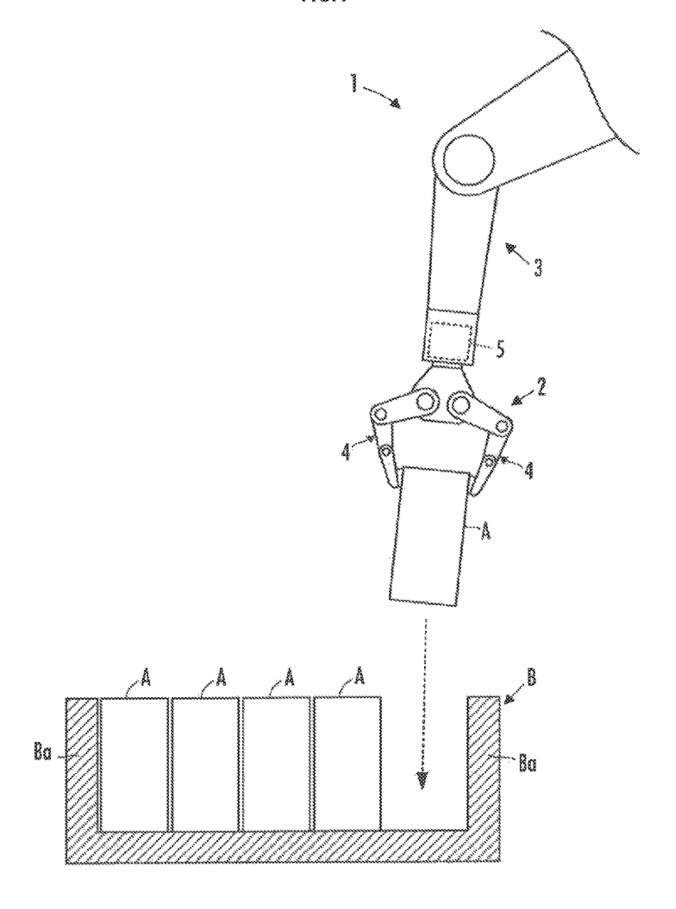


Figure 1 - Robot arm manipulating workpiece A into storage box B (force sensor located at 5)

Applications

• Robotics - especially for manufacturing robots

Advantages

• Improves robot manipulation performance

Patents

• Published Application: 20180071915

• Issued: 10,213,925 (USA)

Innovators

- Oussama Khatib
- Norio Neki
- Shuyun Chung

Licensing Contact

Luis Mejia

Senior Licensing Manager, Physical Sciences

Email