

# **Non-immunogenic Destabilizing Domains**

Stanford researchers have patented protein stability regulation methods using destabilizing domains (DDs) optimized for use in humans. The ability to control specific protein abundance in cells is a powerful tool for gene therapy and investigating biological behavior.

Well-established protein activity modulation methods involve knocking down the corresponding gene-of-interest. Among the many challenges of these methods is the inability to directly regulate the protein-of-interest.

To overcome these limitations the inventors have developed methods using DDs to directly control the protein level. The DDs are engineered to be unstable in the absence of their stabilizing ligand. The DD is fused to a gene-of-interest and upon expression the instability is conferred to the fused protein partner resulting in degradation of the entire protein. The stabilizing ligand can bind to and stabilize the DD thereby restoring function to the protein-of-interest. This technology provides tools to directly interrogate protein function in living cells and animals, and because this DD is derived from an endogenous human protein and is regulated by FDA-approved drugs, this technology holds promise for clinical use in gene therapy.

## **Stage of Development:** Proof of Concept

DDs based on human proteins have been created and validated. These DDs show great promise.

## **Related Technologies**

The Wandless lab has also developed additional conditional protein stability systems, see [Stanford Docket S06-024](#) and [Stanford Docket S07-252](#).

## **Applications**

- Regulate gene expression for:
  - Research
  - Gene Therapy

## Advantages

- DD system optimized for human use and based on human proteins:
  - Minimally immunogenic
  - Stabilized by FDA approved drugs
- Specific-stabilizing ligand binds to fusion protein with no effect on other cell functions and allows direct control of protein level
- Rapid
- Reversible
- Tunable - protein function can be turned on or off in a dose dependent manner

## Patents

- Published Application: [20200123514](#)
- Published Application: [20240158770](#)
- Issued: [11,891,634 \(USA\)](#)

## Innovators

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