

**Docket #:** S20-362

# **Silicon-Carbide-on-Insulator via photoelectrochemical etching**

Stanford researchers have improved upon a prior technology, [S18-553 Silicon-Carbide-on-Insulator \(SiCOI\) Fabrication](#), to produce high quality, wafer-scale SiCOI. Current methods of producing SiCOI are unable to achieve the necessary uniformity at scale. Researchers in the Vuckovic group have developed a photochemical etching technique to overcome these issues. A less doped device layer is grown on a heavily doped sacrificial silicon carbide (SiC) layer before bonding to a handle wafer. The sacrificial layer is then mechanically ground down resulting in a small amount of grinding non-uniformity. A photochemical etch followed by chemical mechanical polishing results in high quality, wafer-scale SiCOI suitable for quantum and nonlinear photonic applications.

## **Stage of Research**

- Proof of concept

## **Applications**

- Quantum electronics and photonics
- Nonlinear photonics
- High Q devices
- Sensors

## **Advantages**

- Wafer scale high quality silicon carbide on insulator
- 10-fold reduction in waveguide losses compared to conventional techniques

## Publications

- D.M. Lukin, C. Dory, M.A. Guidry, K.Y. Yang, S.D. Mishra, R. Trivedi, M. Radulaski, S. Sun, D. Verduyck, G. H. Ahn, J. Vuckovic [4H-silicon-carbide-on-insulator for integrated quantum and nonlinear photonics](#) *Nature Photonics*, December 2, 2019.

## Innovators

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