Game-Theoretic Planning for Autonomous Driving among Risk-Aware Human Drivers

Stanford researchers in the Multi-Robot Systems Lab have developed a software model for predicting risk-aware human behavior in multi-agent traffic scenarios that include a range of human driver behavior from aggressive (speeding, overtaking, sudden zigzagging, and lane-changes) to conservative (driving slowly and conforming to the right-most lane). Existing autonomous driving approaches plan conservatively and forgo game-theoretic reasoning. In contrast, the human driver behavior model, CMetric, maps drivers' entropic risk preferences. The gametheoretic risk-sensitive planner uses the risk preference to model risk-aware interactions among human drivers and an autonomous vehicle in various traffic scenarios. (See Figure 1.) This planner recognizes aggressive human drivers and yields to them while maintaining a greater distance from them. The CMetric integrated planner systematically includes uncertainty, leads to safer navigation, and leverages the autonomous vehicles' influence on other cars to achieve safe and efficient driving.

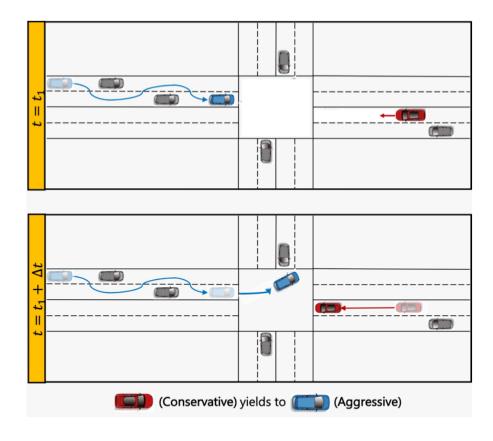


Figure 1: (top) The aggressive human agent (blue) with the ego-vehicle as a conservative agent (red). (bottom) The model determines human agent risk sensitivity and generates a game theory based optimal and safe risk-aware trajectory for the red agent where the red agent yields to the blue human driver allowing it to cross first. (Figure courtesy Multi-Robot Systems Lab.)

Stage of Development - Computer Model

Researchers have tested the method via an open-loop simulation. Future work includes a more realistic closed-loop simulation that combines human behavior model and the risk-aware trajectory planner. Research is ongoing.

Applications

Autonomous vehicles

Advantages

- Safer navigation than existing methods
 - Risk-aware planner recognizes aggressive driving, and yields to them while maintained a greater following distance

Publications

- R. Chandra, M. Wang, M. Schwager, and D. Manocha, (2022). Game-Theoretic Planning for Autonomous Driving among Risk-Aware Human Drivers. *Under Review IEEE*.
- R. Chandra, D. Manocha, M. Wang, and M. Schwager, (2022) Game-Theoretic Planning for Autonomous Driving among Risk-Aware Human Drivers. *U.S. Pat. App. No.* 63/251,359.

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